SAFETY DATA SHEET

JCB Hydraulic Anti Stick Fluid



Identification of the material and supplier

Names

Product name : JCB Hydraulic Anti Stick Fluid

ADG : Company/undertaking identification

Manufacturer / Distributor : JCB Service

World Parts Centre Waterloo Park Beamhurst Staffordshire England ST14 5PA

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

: aftermarketproduct.hotline@jcb.com (Mon to Fri 9.00am to 4.00pm UK time)

Communication in English only

Emergency telephone number (with hours of

operation)

: +44 (0)1889 593748 (Mon to Fri 9.00am to 4.00pm UK time)

Communication in English only

<u>Uses</u>

Area of application: Industrial applications, Professional applications.

Material uses : Lubricant additive

2. Hazards identification

Classification : Not regulated.

Risk phrases : Not classified.

Statement of hazardous/ dangerous nature

: NON-HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE. NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixture : Yes.

Other ingredients, determined not to be hazardous according to Safe Work Australia criteria, and not dangerous according to the ADG Code, make up the product concentration to 100%.

There are no ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

4. First aid measures

First aid measures

Inhalation: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Get medical attention it symptoms occur.

Ingestion : Wash out mouth with water. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms

occur.

Skin contact: Wash contaminated skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and

shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Eye contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation

occurs.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 31-05-2017 Date of previous issue : 30-07-2014 Version : 1.02 1/6

4. First aid measures

Advice to doctor

: No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable

Not suitable

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

: None known.

Special exposure hazards

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: No specific data.

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Environmental precautions

 Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods for cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

Storage

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 31-05-2017 Date of previous issue : 30-07-2014 Version : 1.02 2/6

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure

limits

: No exposure standard allocated.

Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Exposure controls

Engineering measures

: Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eyes

Safety evewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with sideshields.

Hands

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Respiratory

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Skin

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

9. Physical and chemical properties

General information

Physical state : Liquid. Clear. **Appearance**

Colour : Yellow [Light] **Odour** : Characteristic. **Odour threshold** : Not available.

Important health, safety and environmental information

: 7 pН

: >200°C (>392°F) **Boiling point** : <-40°C (<-40°F) **Melting point**

Flash point : Open cup: >170°C (>338°F) [ASTM D92.]

<0.01 kPa (<0.075006 mm Hg) [room temperature] Vapour pressure

Relative density

Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water. Solubility

Viscosity (40°C) : 42 to 50 cSt

Other information

Decomposition : >250°C (>482°F)

temperature

Auto-ignition temperature : >250°C (>482°F)

Date of issue/Date of revision : 30-07-2014 : 31-05-2017 Date of previous issue Version : 1.02 3/6

9. Physical and chemical properties

Flame duration : Not applicable.

10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability

: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Materials to avoid

: No specific data.

Hazardous decomposition

: No specific data.

products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

should not be produced.

11. Toxicological information

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Acute toxicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Chronic toxicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Sensitiser

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Chronic effects
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Carcinogenicity
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Teratogenicity
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Developmental effects
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Fertility effects
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Inhalation: No specific data.Ingestion: No specific data.Skin: No specific data.Eyes: No specific data.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 31-05-2017 Date of previous issue : 30-07-2014 Version : 1.02 4/6

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Other ecological information Persistence/degradability

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

13. Disposal considerations

Methods of disposal

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

14. Transport information

Regulation	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
ADG	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-
ADR	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-
IMDG	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-
IATA	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-

PG*: Packing group

15. Regulatory information

Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons

Not regulated.

Model Work Health and Safety Regulations - Scheduled Substances

No listed substance

Australia inventory (AICS) : Not determined.

EU Classification : Not classified.

HCS Classification : Not regulated.

16. Other information

Training advice: Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposures.

History

Date of printing : 31-05-2017

Date of issue/ Date of : 31-05-2017

revision

Date of previous issue : 30-07-2014

Version : 1.02

Prepared by : Kuwait Petroleum Research & Technology B.V., The Netherlands

Date of issue/Date of revision : 31-05-2017 Date of previous issue : 30-07-2014 Version : 1.02 5/6

16. Other information

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 31-05-2017 Date of previous issue : 30-07-2014 Version : 1.02 6/6