# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# **JCB Special Slide Grease**



### **Section 1. Identification**

: JCB Special Slide Grease **Product name** 

**Material uses** : grease

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Not applicable.

**Manufacturer / Distributor** : JCB Service

> World Parts Centre Waterloo Park **Beamhurst** Staffordshire England **ST14 5PA**

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

: aftermarketproduct.hotline@jcb.com (Mon to Fri 9.00am to 4.00pm UK time)

Communication in English only

**Emergency telephone** number (with hours of

operation)

: +44 1865 407333 - English language only

+1 202 464 2554 - English language only specific to US and Canada

### Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

Not classified.

Ingredients of unknown : None.

toxicity

Ingredients of unknown

ecotoxicity

: None.

**GHS** label elements

Signal word : No signal word.

**Hazard statements** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Precautionary statements** 

**Prevention** : Not applicable. : Not applicable. Response : Not applicable. **Storage** : Not applicable. **Disposal** : Not applicable. Supplemental label

elements

Other hazards which do not : Frolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

result in classification

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### Section 3. Composition and ingredient information

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	<b>%</b> (w/w)	CAS number
Mineral oil	≥90	*
Phosphorodithioic acid, O,O-di-C1-14-alkyl esters, zinc salts	≤3	68649-42-3

<sup>\*</sup> CAS Mixture of: 64742-52-5 + 64742-54-7

The mineral oils in the product contain < 3% DMSO extract (IP 346).

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

#### Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact**: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower

eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

**Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

**Skin contact**: Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser.

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

**Ingestion**: Wash out mouth with water. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a

position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms

occur.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact**: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.

**Ingestion**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : No specific data.

Inhalation : No specific data.

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation dryness cracking

Ingestion : No specific data.

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Freat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders**: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

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### Section 5. Firefighting measures

#### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing

media

**Unsuitable extinguishing** media

: Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, alcohol-resistant foam or water spray (fog).

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

**Hazardous thermal** decomposition products : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide sulfur oxides phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Special protective

equipment for fire-fighters

: Fromptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** 

: Kvoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

**Precautions for safe handling** 

**Protective measures** Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

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# Section 7. Handling and storage

# Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store between the following temperatures: 1 to 40°C (33.8 to 104°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

#### Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Mineral oil	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction
Phosphorodithioic acid, O,O-di-C1-14-alkyl esters, zinc salts	DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2015).  TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction PEAK: 4 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Form: Inhalable fraction PEAK: 0.4 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 0.1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction

# Appropriate engineering controls

# **Environmental exposure** controls

- : Sood general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.
- : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### **Individual protection measures**

#### **Hygiene measures**

: Mash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### **Eye/face protection**

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

# Skin protection Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Recommended: < 1 hour (breakthrough time): nitrile rubber 0.17 mm.

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### Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task

being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist

before handling this product.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be

selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be

approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection**: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the

appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended: Boiling point > 65 °C: A1; Boiling point < 65 °C:

AX1; Hot material: A1P2.

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state : Liquid. [Paste.]
Appearance : Smooth grease
Colour : Grey./Black.
Odour : Odourless.
Odour threshold : Not available.
pH : Not available.

Melting point : >200°C (>392°F)

Boiling point : >200°C (>392°F)

Flash point : Closed cup: >200°C (>392°F) [ASTM D93.]

Evaporation rate : Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable.
Lower and upper explosive : Not available.

(flammable) limite

(flammable) limits

: Not available.

Vapour pressure : Not available.
Vapour density : Not available.
Relative density : 0.82 to 0.85

**Solubility** : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

÷

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature : >200°C (>392°F)

Decomposition temperature : >200°C (>392°F)

Viscosity (40°C) : Not available.

Flow time (ISO 2431) : Not available.

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability**: The product is stable.

**Possibility of hazardous** 

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

**Incompatible materials** : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

Strong oxidising materials

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# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Mineral oil	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat - Male, Female	5.53 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rabbit Rat	>5000 mg/kg >5000 mg/kg	-

#### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Mineral oil	Skin - Erythema/Eschar Skin - Oedema Eyes - Iris lesion Eyes - Redness of the conjunctivae	Rabbit Rabbit Rabbit Rabbit	0	72 hours 72 hours 48 hours 48 hours	7 days 7 days 72 hours 72 hours

#### **Sensitisation**

3	Route of exposure	Species	Result
Mineral oil	skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing

#### **Mutagenicity**

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result
Mineral oil	474 Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test	Experiment: In vivo Subject: Mammalian-Animal Cell: Somatic	Negative

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Mineral oil	Negative - Dermal - TC	Mouse - Female	-	78 weeks

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Developmental toxin	Species	Dose	Exposure
Mineral oil	Negative	Negative	Negative	Rat - Male, Female	Oral: 1000 mg/ kg	-

#### **Teratogenicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Mineral oil	Negative - Dermal	Rat	2000 mg/kg	7 days per week

#### **Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)**

Not available.

#### **Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)**

Not available.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes : Not available.

of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Inhalation

: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. **Skin contact** 

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Ingestion

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

: No specific data. **Eve contact** Inhalation : No specific data.

**Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> dryness cracking

Ingestion : No specific data.

#### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

**Potential immediate** 

effects

effects

: Not available.

**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

**Long term exposure** 

**Potential immediate** 

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects

: Not available.

#### Potential chronic health effects

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Mineral oil	Sub-chronic NOAEL Oral	Rat - Male, Female	≥2000 mg/kg	13 weeks; 5 days per week
	Sub-acute LOAEL Oral	Rat - Male	125 mg/kg	13 weeks; 5 hours per day
	Sub-acute NOAEL Inhalation Vapour	Rat - Male	>980 mg/m³	4 weeks; 5 days per week

**General** : Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/

or dermatitis.

Carcinogenicity No known significant effects or critical hazards. Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Teratogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Fertility effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

**Acute toxicity estimates** 

Not available.

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### Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Mineral oil	Acute NEL >100 mg/l Fresh water	Algae	72 hours
	Acute NEL >10000 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia Magma	48 hours
	Acute NEL ≥100 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Chronic NEL 10 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days

#### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Mineral oil	-	-	Inherent

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Not available.

**Mobility in soil** 

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# **Section 14. Transport information**

	ADG	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

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# **Section 14. Transport information**

Transport in bulk according: Not available.

to Annex II of Marpol and

the IBC Code

### Section 15. Regulatory information

#### Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons

Not regulated.

#### **Model Work Health and Safety Regulations - Scheduled Substances**

No listed substance

#### **International regulations**

#### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed.

#### **Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants**

Not listed.

#### **Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)**

Not listed.

#### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

#### **Inventory list**

Australia : All components are listed or exempted.

China : All components are listed or exempted.

Europe : All components are listed or exempted.

Japan : Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined.

Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

Malaysia : Not determined.

 New Zealand
 : MI components are listed or exempted.

 Philippines
 : MI components are listed or exempted.

 Republic of Korea
 : MI components are listed or exempted.

 Taiwan
 : MI components are listed or exempted.

Thailand : Not determined.

Turkey : MI components are listed or exempted.
United States : MI components are listed or exempted.

Viet Nam : Not determined.

# Section 16. Any other relevant information

**History** 

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**Training advice** : Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposures.

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# Section 16. Any other relevant information

#### **Key to abbreviations**

: ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

SUSMP = Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons

UN = United Nations

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
Not classified.	

#### References : Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Notice to reader**

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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